
Professional Certificate in Intellectual Property Law Fundamentals

Licensing and Commercialization of IP

****Anti-circumvention measures****

Anti-circumvention measures are laws that prohibit the circumvention of technological measures used by copyright owners to protect their works. These measures are designed to prevent unauthorized access to copyrighted materials and ensure that the rights of copyright owners are protected.

Related terms: Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA), Technological Protection Measures (TPM), Copyright Infringement

****Commercialization****

Commercialization refers to the process of developing and bringing a product or service to market. In the context of intellectual property (IP), commercialization involves leveraging IP rights to generate revenue or profit. This can be done through licensing, selling, or leveraging the IP to create a new product or service.

Related terms: Licensing, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Patent, Trademark, Copyright

****Copyright****

Copyright is a legal right that gives the creator of an original work exclusive rights to reproduce, distribute, and display the work. Copyright protection applies to a wide range of works, including literary, dramatic, musical, and artistic works, such as poetry, novels, movies, songs, computer software, and architecture.

Related terms: Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Copyright Infringement, Fair Use, Public Domain

****Copyright Infringement****

Copyright infringement occurs when someone uses a copyrighted work without the permission of the copyright owner. Infringement can take many forms, including copying, distributing, displaying, or performing the copyrighted work in public.

Related terms: Copyright, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Anti-circumvention Measures, Fair Use

****Fair Use****

Fair use is a legal doctrine that permits the use of copyrighted materials without the permission of the copyright owner in certain circumstances. Fair use is a balance between the rights of copyright owners and the public's interest in accessing and using copyrighted materials for purposes such as criticism, commentary, news reporting, teaching, scholarship, or research.

Related terms: Copyright, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Copyright Infringement

****Intellectual Property (IP)****

Intellectual property (IP) refers to creations of the mind, such as inventions, literary and artistic works, symbols, names, images, and designs used in commerce. IP is protected by law through patents, trademarks, copyrights, and other legal means.

Related terms: Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Patent, Trademark, Copyright

****Intellectual Property Rights (IPR)****

Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) refer to the legal rights that protect intellectual property, such as patents, trademarks, copyrights, and trade secrets. IPR gives the owner of the intellectual property the exclusive right to use, license, or sell the property for a specified period.

Related terms: Intellectual Property (IP), Patent, Trademark, Copyright

****Licensing****

Licensing is the process of granting permission to another party to use intellectual property rights. Licensing agreements can be exclusive or non-exclusive and can cover a wide range of uses, from manufacturing and distribution to marketing and sales.

Related terms: Commercialization, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Patent, Trademark, Copyright

****Patent****

A patent is a legal right that gives the inventor of a new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter the exclusive right to make, use, and sell the invention for a specified period.

Related terms: Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Intellectual Property (IP), Licensing

****Public Domain****

The public domain refers to works that are not protected by intellectual property laws, such as copyright, patent, or trademark laws. Works in the public domain can be used freely by anyone for any purpose.

Related terms: Copyright, Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Fair Use

****Technological Protection Measures (TPM)****

Technological Protection Measures (TPM) are technologies that are used to protect copyrighted materials from unauthorized access or use. TPMs can take many forms, including encryption, watermarking, and access controls.

Related terms: Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA), Anti-circumvention Measures, Copyright Infringement

****Trademark****

A trademark is a symbol, word, or phrase that is used to identify and distinguish a product or service from those of others. Trademarks can be registered with the government to provide legal protection against infringement.

Related terms: Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Intellectual Property (IP), Licensing

This glossary provides a comprehensive overview of key terms related to the licensing and commercialization of intellectual property. Understanding these terms is essential for anyone involved in the creation, protection, or exploitation of intellectual property. By using this glossary as a reference, learners can gain a deeper understanding of the complex legal and business issues surrounding intellectual property and be better prepared to navigate this challenging landscape.